

1 under-recoveries in its GCR account. The fact that the Company already collects a
2 carrying cost on this balance is another reason why DPL's cash working capital
3 claim should be adjusted to eliminate gas costs."

4 **5. Q: Do you agree that this adjustment is appropriate?**

5 A: No, I do not. Witness Crane believes the Company's lead/lag study
6 incorrectly assumes a matching of monthly revenues and expenses. In her
7 testimony she states that in any particular month the revenue received by the
8 Company may be paying for purchased gas in the past or for gas to be purchased
9 in the future.

10 **6. Q: Is Witness Crane's conclusion in support of her claim correct?**

11 A: No. In fact, the majority of the monthly gas purchases are to serve the
12 customers in a given month. The customer is billed monthly based on usage. The
13 difference between when the Company pays for gas purchased and when the
14 Company receives payment from customers clearly generates a cash working
15 capital requirement. The fact that there are carrying costs associated with over or
16 under recoveries does not delineate that there is a cash working capital
17 requirement for purchased gas costs. The interest calculated on over or under
18 recoveries is the FERC Gas Refund Rate of 3.25%, effective in the fourth quarter
19 of 2010, which is low compared to the Company's overall rate of return presented
20 in this proceeding of 8.04%. In addition, these amounts are rolled into the
21 deferred fuel balance every year and are part of the GCR calculation. To exclude
22 purchased gas costs from the lead/lag study denies the Company the appropriate

1 level of cash working capital to be included in rate base to compensate investors
2 for funds provided over and above net utility plant.

3 7. Q: Did Delaware Public Service Commission Staff recommend a similar
4 adjustment to the Company's cash working capital claim?

5 A: No, they did not.

6 8. Q: Does this conclude your testimony?

7 A: Yes, it does.